

Pre Paper 3H Practice Paper
June 2018
GCSE Mathematics (AQA style)

Higher Tier

Name

Class

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- You are permitted to use a calculator in this paper.
- You may use the π button on your calculator or you may take the value of π to be 3.142.
- Do all rough work in this book.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part question on the Question Paper.
- You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.
- The questions included in this collection have been selected from parts of the specification not tested in Paper 1H or Paper 2H. You should not assume, however, that because a topic appeared on Paper 1H or Paper 2H, it will not appear on Paper 3H, nor can the topics here be regarded as an exhaustive list of those to be examined on Paper 3H.

Included with each question is the statement from the specification to which it applies (where “basic foundation content” is in normal type, “additional foundation content” is in underlined type, and “higher content” is in **bold type**); content in *italics* is taken from the ‘notes’ sections of the specification. **All** content can be assessed on Higher tier question papers.

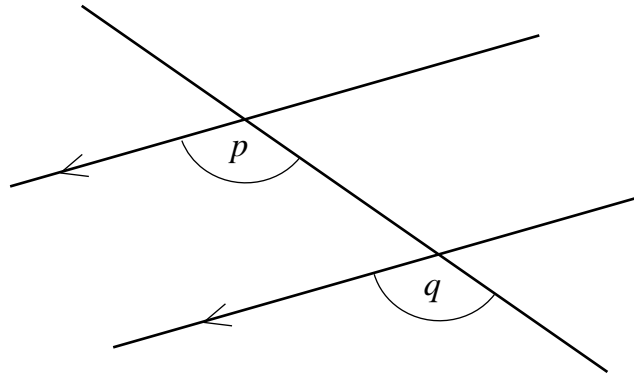
© The PiXL Club Limited 2018

This resource is strictly for the use of member schools for as long as they remain members of The PiXL Club. It may not be copied, sold nor transferred to a third party or used by the school after membership ceases. Until such time it may be freely used within the member school. All opinions and contributions are those of the authors. The contents of this resource are not connected with nor endorsed by any other company, organisation or institution.

Question	Mark	out of
1		1
2		1
3		1
4		1
5		4
6		2
7		3
8		4
9		4
10		4
11		3
12		3
13		4
14		3
15		4
16		3
17		5
18		5
19		5
20		1
21		4
22		4
23		4
24		7
Total		80

Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided

- 1** **G3** understand and use alternate and corresponding angles on parallel lines; *colloquial terms such as Z angles are not acceptable and should not be used*



The diagram shows a pair of parallel lines, crossed by a third straight line.

What word describes the pair of angles p and q ?

Circle your answer.

[1 mark]

alternate corresponding exterior reflex

- 2** **N5** apply systematic listing strategies including use of the product rule for counting



I have these five cards. I am going to use them to make a five digit number.

In how many ways can I do this?

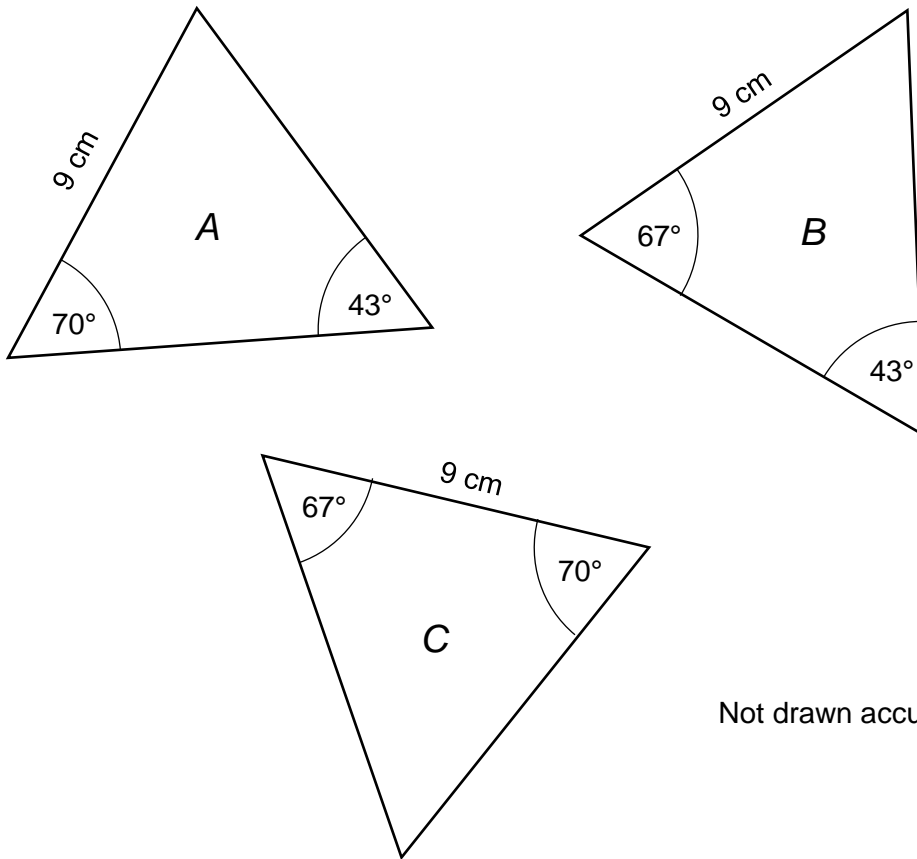
Circle your answer.

[1 mark]

5 10 25 120

3 G5 use the basic congruence criteria for triangles (SSS, SAS, ASA, RHS)

Here are three triangles, *A*, *B* and *C*.



Not drawn accurately

Which of the following statements is correct?

Tick a box

[1 mark]

- Only triangles *A* and *B* are congruent.
- Only triangles *A* and *C* are congruent.
- Only triangles *B* and *C* are congruent.
- Triangles *A*, *B* and *C* are all congruent.

- 4 **N7** calculate with roots, and with integer indices
N9 calculate with and interpret standard form $A \times 10^n$, where $1 \leq A < 10$ and n is an integer

Which of the following is equal to $\sqrt{4 \times 10^{2k}}$?

Circle your answer.

[1 mark]

2×10^k

4×10^k

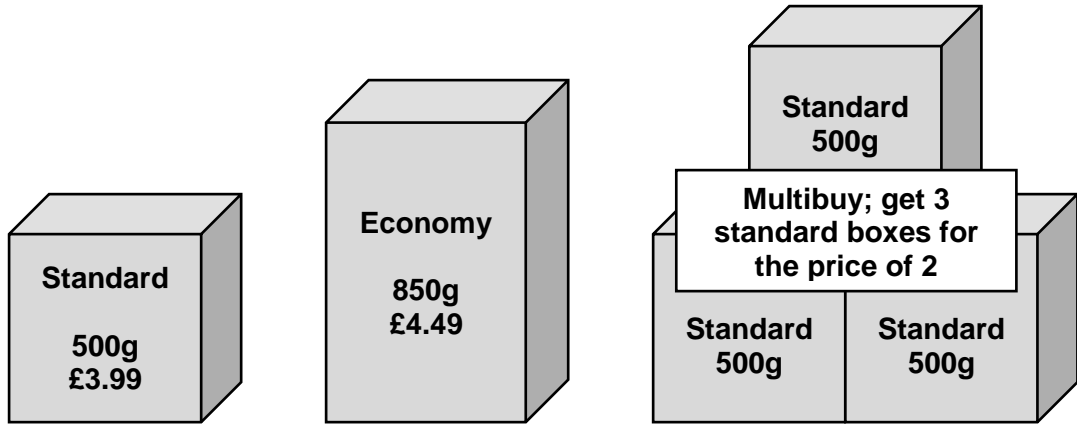
20

2×10^{2k}

5

R6 apply ratio to real contexts and problems (such as those involving conversion, comparison, scaling, mixing, concentrations) *including better value or best-buy problems*
R11 use compound units such as speed, rates of pay, unit pricing *including making comparisons*

Soap powder is sold in three sizes.



Which of the three offers for boxes of box soap powder is the best value for money?

Tick a box.

You must show your working out.

[4 marks]

Standard.

Economy.

Multibuy.

6 **A6** know the difference between an equation and an identity

The identity $a(x + 2) - x \equiv 3x + 8$ is true for all values of x .

Find the value of a .

[2 marks]

Answer _____

7 **A4** simplify and manipulate algebraic expressions (including those involving surds and algebraic fractions) by expanding products of two or more binomials

Expand and simplify

$$(2x + 7)(x - 3)(x + 2).$$

[3 marks]

Answer _____

- 8** R5 divide a given quantity into two parts in a given part : part or part : whole ratio; apply ratio to real contexts and problems (such as those involving conversion, comparison, scaling, mixing, concentrations)

Concrete is made from a mixture of cement, gravel and sand.

I want to make as much concrete as possible.

The cement, gravel and sand must be in the ratio 1 : 4 : 3.

I have the following amounts of each.

cement	gravel	sand
800 kg	3 tonnes	2100 kg

How much concrete can I make?

[4 marks]

Answer _____

- 9 **S4** interpret, analyse and compare the distributions of data sets from univariate empirical distributions through appropriate measures of central tendency (median, mean, mode and modal class) and spread (range, including consideration of outliers)

A machine is designed to cut pieces of wood to a length of 2.4 metres.

The lengths to which it cuts 40 pieces of wood in a sample were recorded.

Length (x cm)	Frequency		
$230 < x \leq 235$	5		
$235 < x \leq 240$	18		
$240 < x \leq 245$	14		
$245 < x \leq 250$	3		

Work out an estimate of the mean length of a piece of wood cut by the machine.

Give your answer to the nearest millimetre.

[4 marks]

Answer _____

10 In 2016 the population of the United Kingdom was 64.9 million.

The table shows the population in each country of the United Kingdom

Country	Population
England	53.0 million
Northern Ireland	2.4 million
Scotland	5.8 million
Wales	3.7 million

10 (a) **R9** express one quantity as a percentage of another

In 2016, what percentage of the population of the United Kingdom lived in Scotland?

[2 marks]

Answer _____ %

10 (b) **R9** work with percentages greater than 100%; solve problems involving percentage change, including percentage increase/decrease and original value problems, and simple interest including in financial mathematics

Between 1966 and 2016, the population of England increased by 31%.

What was the population of England in 1966?

[2 marks]

Answer _____ million

- 11** **A17** solve linear equations in one unknown algebraically including those with the unknown on both sides of the equation

Solve $\frac{x}{2} + 2 = \frac{x + 1}{3}$.

You must show your working.

[3 marks]

Answer _____

- 12** **A5** rearrange formulae to change the subject

Rearrange the expression $z = \frac{w - 4}{w + 7}$

to make w the subject.

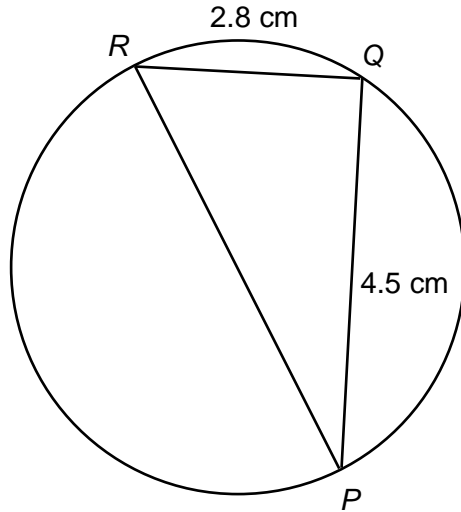
[3 marks]

Answer _____

13

G17 surface area and volume of spheres, pyramids, cones and composite solids
G10 apply and prove the standard circle theorems concerning angles, radii, tangents and chords, and use them to prove related results

G20 know the formula for Pythagoras' theorem, $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$ and apply to find angles and lengths in right-angled triangles in two dimensional figures



Not drawn accurately

PQR is a triangle whose vertices lie on a circle.

PR is a diameter of the circle.

Find the area of the circle.

[4 marks]

Answer _____ cm^2

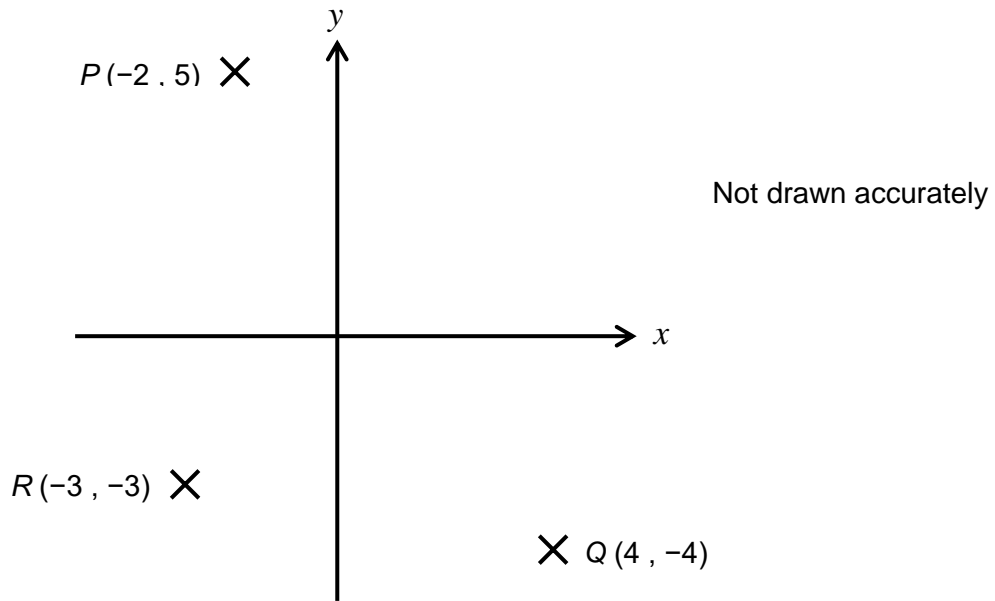
14 A6 argue mathematically to show algebraic expressions are equivalent, and use algebra to support and construct arguments to include proofs

Use algebra to prove the difference between the squares of any two consecutive positive integers is equal to the sum of the two integers.

[3 marks]

15

A9 find the equation of the line through two given points, or through one point with a given gradient; use the form $y = mx + c$ to identify perpendicular lines



On the diagram, point P has co-ordinates $(-2, 5)$, point Q has co-ordinates $(4, -4)$ and point R has co-ordinates $(-3, -3)$.

Find the equation of the straight line that is perpendicular to PQ and passes through point R .

[4 marks]

Answer _____

16 A18 solve quadratic equations algebraically by completing the square and by using the quadratic formula

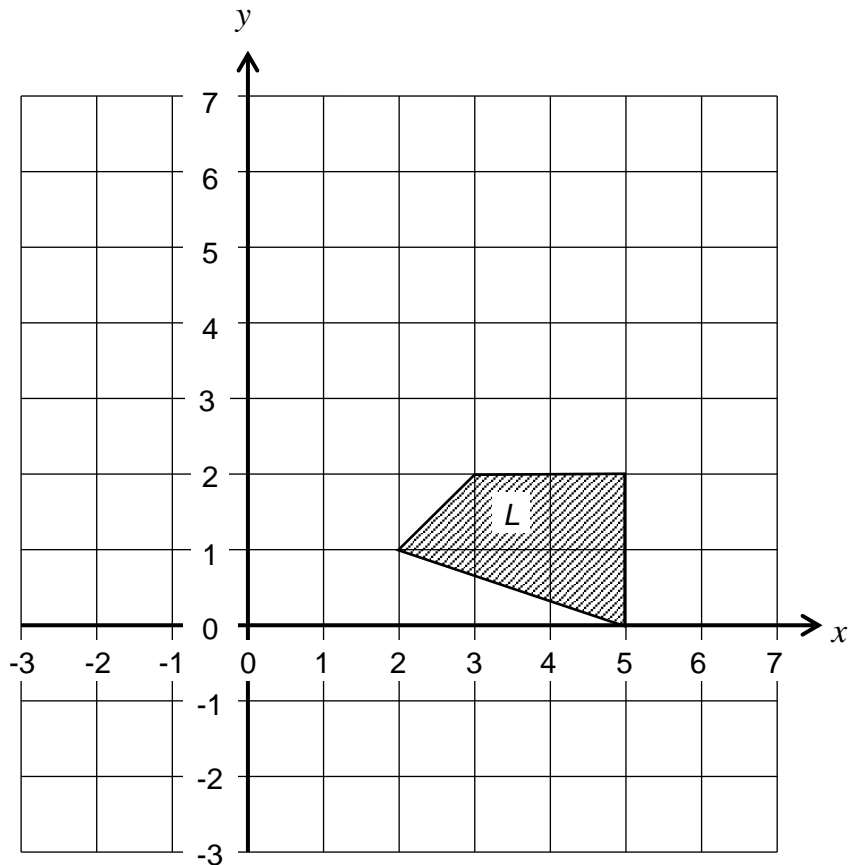
Solve the equation $x^2 + 6x - 5 = 0$.

Give each of your solutions to two decimal places.

[3 marks]

- 17** **G7** identify, describe and construct congruent and similar shapes, including on coordinate axes, by considering rotation, reflection, translation and enlargement *including using column vector notation for translations*
G8 describe the changes and invariance achieved by combinations of rotations, reflections and translations *including using column vector notation for translations*

The diagram shows a quadrilateral, *L*.



- 17 (a)** Translate quadrilateral *L* using the vector $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$.

Label your image *M*.

[2 marks]

- 17 (b)** Translate *M* using the vector $\begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$.

Label your image *N*.

[1 mark]

- 17 (c)** What single transformation would transform quadrilateral *L* to quadrilateral *N*?

[2 marks]

Answer _____

18 A20 find approximate solutions to equations numerically using iteration, *including the use of suffix notation in recursive formulae*

18 (a) Show that the equation

$$x^2 + \frac{10}{x} = 16$$

has a solution between $x = 3$ and $x = 4$.

[2 marks]

18 (b) An approximate solution to the equation $x^2 + \frac{10}{x} = 16$ can be found using the iterative formula

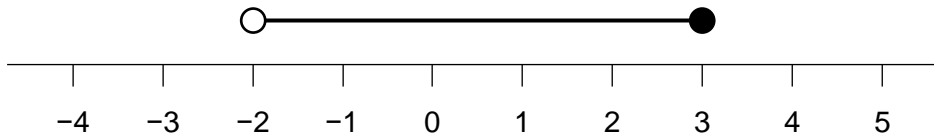
$$x_{n+1} = \sqrt[3]{16x_n - 10}.$$

Using a suitable value for x_1 , find a solution of $x^2 + \frac{10}{x} = 16$ to one decimal place.

[3 marks]

Answer _____

- 19 (a)** *A22 solve linear inequalities in one variable; students should know the conventions of an open circle on a number line for a strict inequality and a closed circle for an included boundary.*



The number line shows the solution set of an inequality.

What is the inequality?

Circle your answer.

[1 mark]

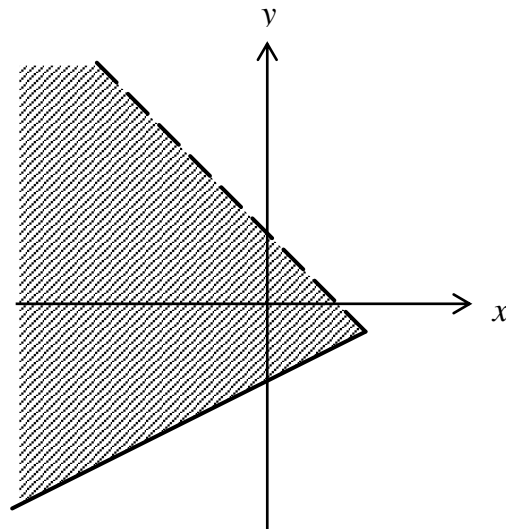
$-2 < x < 3$

$-2 < x \leq 3$

$-2 \leq x < 3$

$-2 \leq x \leq 3$

- 19 (b)** *A22 solve linear inequalities in one or two variable(s); in graphical work the convention of a dashed line for a strict inequality and a solid line for an included inequality will be required*



Not drawn accurately

The diagram shows a region bordered by parts of the lines $x + y = 2$ and $2y = x - 4$.

Which two inequalities are satisfied by points in this region?

Circle your answer

[1 mark]

$x + y \leq 2$

$x + y > 2$

$x + y < 2$

$x + y \geq 2$

$2y > x - 4$

$2y \geq x - 4$

$2y < x - 4$

$2y \leq x - 4$

19 (c) A22 solve quadratic inequalities in one variable

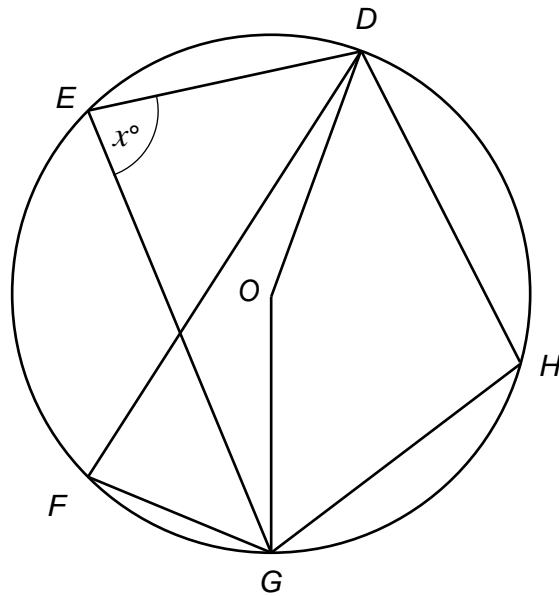
Solve the inequality $x^2 - x - 30 > 0$

[3 marks]

Answer _____

20

G10 apply and prove the standard circle theorems concerning angles, radii, tangents and chords, and use them to prove related results



Not drawn accurately

The diagram shows five points, E , F , G and H which lie on a circle. The centre of the circle is at O .

Angle GED is x°

Which of the following angles **must** also be equal to x° ?

Circle your answer.

[1 mark]

DHG

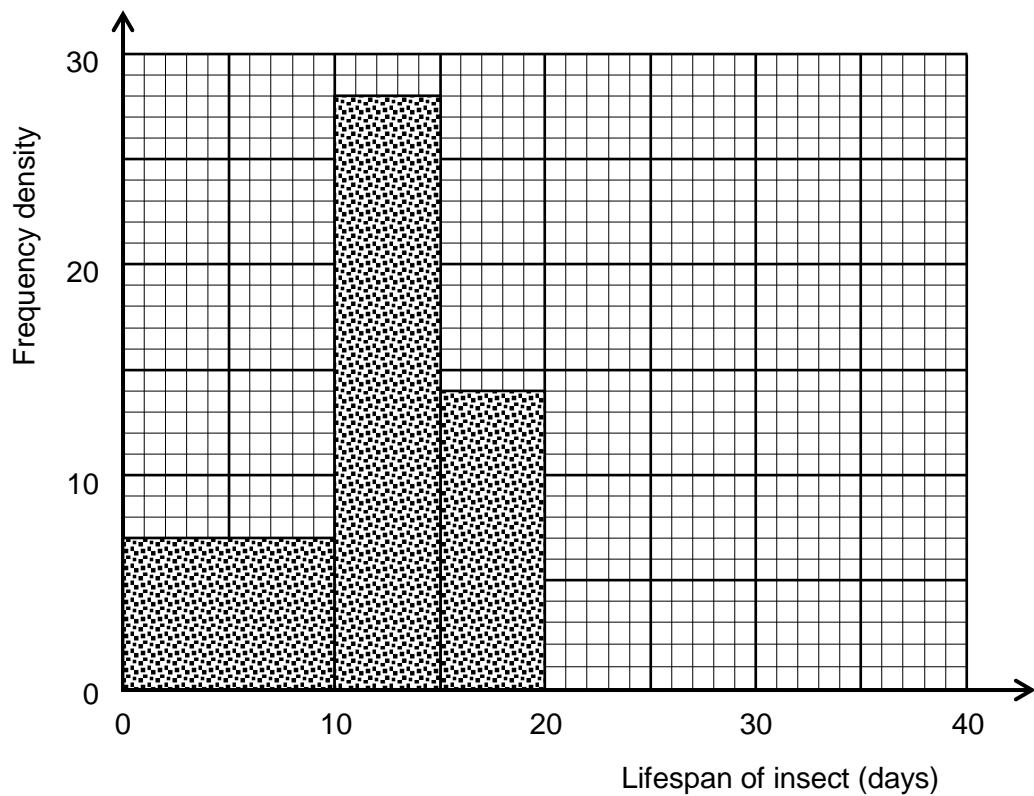
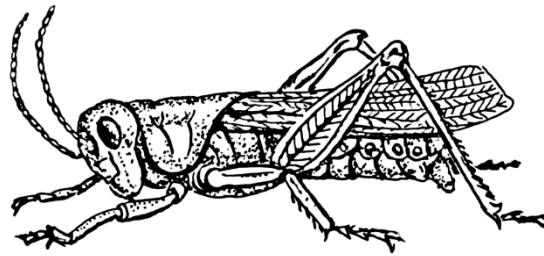
EDF

GFD

GOD

21

S3 construct and interpret diagrams for grouped discrete data and continuous data, ie histograms with equal and unequal class intervals and cumulative frequency graphs, and know their appropriate use



In an experiment, the lifespans of a sample of 400 insects were recorded using a histogram.

None of the insects lived for longer than 40 days.

The histogram is not complete.

21 (a) Here are four statements about the histogram.

Tick the boxes next to the **two** statements that are true.

[1 mark]

28 insects had a lifespan of between 10 and 15 days.

70 insects had a lifespan of less than 10 days.

Twice as many insects had a lifespan of between 10 and 15 days as had a lifespan of between 15 and 20 days.

Twice as many insects had a lifespan of between 15 and 20 days as had a lifespan of less than 10 days.

21 (b) There were twice as many insects that had a lifespan of over 25 days as had a lifespan of between 20 and 25 days.

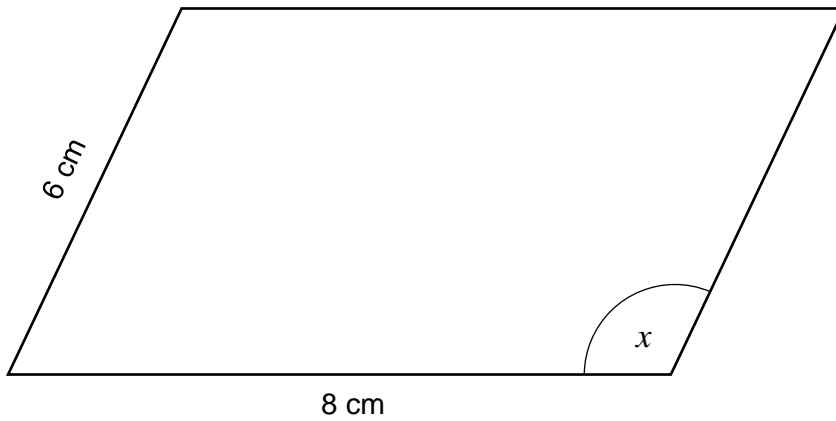
Complete the histogram.

[3 marks]

22 G23 know and apply $\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$ to calculate the area, sides or angles of any triangle

The parallelogram has an area of 40 cm^2 .

Find the size of the obtuse angle, marked x .



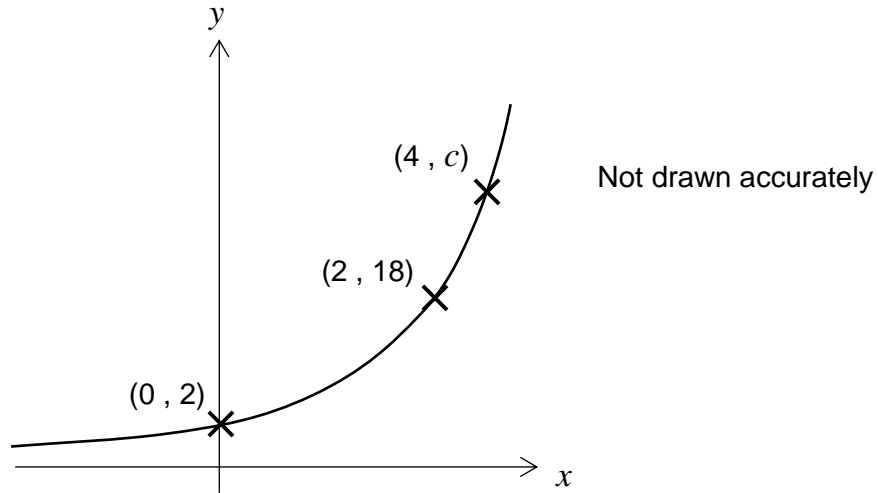
Not drawn accurately

[4 marks]

Answer _____ °

23

A12 recognise, sketch and interpret graphs of linear functions and quadratic functions including exponential functions $y = k^x$ for positive values of k

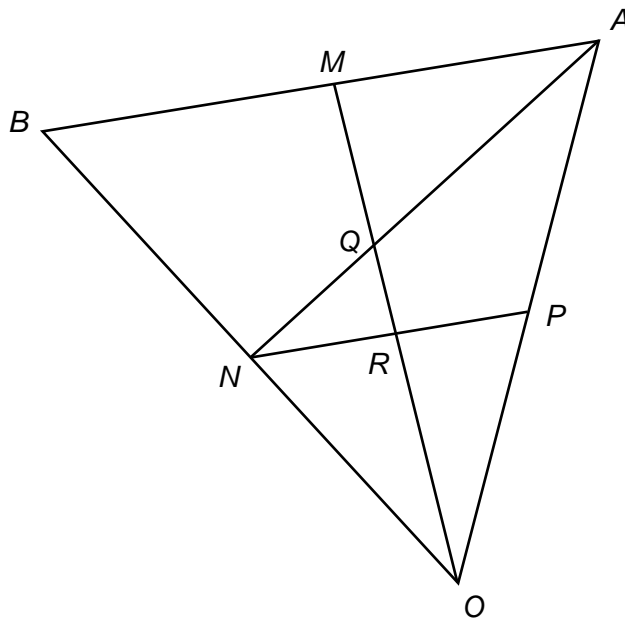


The diagram shows part of the graph of $y = ab^x$.
The co-ordinates of two of the points on the graph are given.

Find the value of c .

[4 marks]

Answer _____



Not drawn accurately

In the diagram, AOB is a triangle.

M is the midpoint of AB , N is the midpoint of BO and P is the midpoint of OA .
The lines OM and AN intersect at Q . The lines OM and NP intersect at R .

The vector \vec{OA} is denoted \mathbf{a} .

The vector \vec{OB} is denoted \mathbf{b} .

- 24 (a)** Find, in terms of \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} , an expression for the vector \vec{MA} .

[2 marks]

Answer _____

24 (b) R12 compare lengths, areas and volumes using ratio notation, scale factors; make links to similarity (including trigonometric ratios)

Use a geometrical argument to prove that that $\vec{OQ} = \frac{2}{3} \vec{OM}$.

[2 marks]

Answer _____

24 (c) Find, in terms of **a** and **b**, an expression for the vector \vec{QA} .

[3 marks]

Answer _____